REVENUE AND FINANCING POLICY

Background

Section 102(4)(a) of the Local Government Act 2002 states that a local authority must adopt a revenue and financing policy. The revenue and financing policy must state:

- a) The local authority's policies in respect of funding operating expenses from the sources listed.
- b) The local authority's policies in respect of funding capital expenditure from the sources listed.

Alternative funding sources: Local Government Act 2002 - S (103(2)

The Funding Impact Statement from pages 121-130 provides detailed definitions, description and rating sectors for each of the targeted rates.

- General rates: which includes both a general (differential) rate and Uniform Annual General Charge (UAGC).
- The general rate is set and assessed on the land value of all rateable land in the district, on a differential basis based on location, area, land use and the activities that are permitted, controlled or discretionary for the area in which the land is situated as per the District Plan.
- The definition of the differential categories is set out in Section 6 of the Funding Impact Statement.
- Targeted rates
- Fees and charges
- Interest and income from investments
- Borrowings
- Proceeds from asset sales
- Development contributions
- Financial contributions under the Resource Management Act 1991
- Grants and subsidies
- Any other sources

In considering which funding sources are appropriate for each activity, Council has considered (S(101(3)) of the Local Government Act:

- a) The promotion of community outcomes
- b) User/beneficiary pays the distribution of benefits between the community as a whole, any identifiable part of the community and individuals
- c) Intergenerational equity the period in or over which those benefits are expected to come
- d) Exacerbator pays the extent to which the actions or inaction of particular individuals or groups contribute to the need to undertake the activity
- e) The costs and benefits of funding an activity in a different manner to the way other activities are funded, including consequences for transparency and accountability
- f) The overall impact on the current and future social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of the community

Changes to Funding Mechanisms

The only significant change in the policy was inclusion of a new activity for the Westport Harbour.

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
Governance	Democracy	 Elected Representatives Community Planning and Consultation 	Statutory requirement Local Government Act 2002 Local Electoral Act 2001 and regulations The need for the Inangahua Community Board is created by the Inangahua Community Governance Structure for effective leadership, advocacy and accountable stewardship of the Council's assets and resources	• All	• Ongoing	All can be involved in democratic representation Social cohesion and community focus Liaison with central government Equal access for all	Inangahua community benefits through separate board of Four members plus two Councillors	Operating: • 100% general rates Capital: • No capital spend
S	Libraries	Library serviceInformation service	Supports lifelong literacy and learning for different ages and needs. Council's provision of services allows all residents the opportunity for information, knowledge, recreation and leisure at a community facility.	LearningWho we are	 Ongoing Long term: Library books Library buildings 	Library facilities are provided for the entire community and enhance wellbeing. Better informed and educated community Equal access to all	Individuals who directly benefit from the service taking out books Researchers	Operating: • 85-95% general rates • 5-15% fees Capital: • Loans • Investments • Depreciation reserves • Grants
Community Services	Economic Development and Marketing	 Grants District Marketing Economic Development	District Promotion and Marketing Agencies and Businesses Economic Development	ProsperityWellbeing	• Ongoing	Improved economic benefit of district	Local business	Operating: • 100% general rates Capital: • Loans • Depreciation reserves
	Museum Funding	Museums	Funding for Museums and Heritage operations.	Wellbeing	Ongoing	Preserves important cultural history.	Community	Operating: 100% general rates Capital: Loan Depreciation reserves

dn		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
- Ac	Recreation Facilities	Swimming Pool at Reefton Community Centre at Reefton which provides an indoor community and	Users of facilities benefit from personal fitness and competition	WellbeingLearningWho are we	• Ongoing	Community benefits in providing options for people to exercise and relieve the pressure on the health system Community benefits in providing options for people to exercise and relieve the pressure on the	Users of pool Users of gym, pool and sports recreational facilities.	Operating: • 100% general rates Capital: • Loans • Investments • Depreciation reserves
ervices	Recreation	sports venue, and gym facilities Pulse Energy Recreation Centre in Westport, which provides gym, pool and sports facilities	The Pulse Energy Recreation Centre can be used to attract regional and national sporting events			Enhanced health and well-being of community. Opportunities for recreation and leisure. Controlled safe		
Community Services	Theatre	Live performance	Theatre groups who use the theatre for performances	Who are we	• Ongoing	environment for younger community. Facility that can be used by all and enhances cultural well-being of district.	Groups who need a venue for live performances.	Operating: • 30-45% fees - user pays
	Movies	 Movie goers School groups who use the theatre for performances 			Long Term: • Theatre Venue	Overall public benefit.	Residents who want to watch movies.	 55-70% general rates Land valuation Capital: Loans Depreciation reserves
	Reefton Service Centre	Council Services	Reefton residents who require access to services	• Who are we	OngoingLong Term:Building	Reefton residents and visitors to the area	Individuals and businesses requiring information or transaction processing	 Grants Investments Operating: 100% general rates Capital: Depreciation reserves

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
¥ _	Reefton Post Office	Postal Services	Reefton residents who require access to services	• Who are we	OngoingLong Term:Building	Reefton residents and visitors to the area	Individuals and businesses requiring postal agency information or transaction processing	 Operating: 75-95% fees 5-25% general rates Capital: Depreciation reserves
Community Services	ent and Support	Provision of grants	Volunteer organisations and individuals who want funding due to financial pressures	Who we areLearning	Ongoing	Grants paid to organisations benefit the whole community through improved facilities and cultural opportunities	Users of the services or facilities provided by grant recipients	Operating: 90-100% general rates 0-10% grants Capital: No capital spend
Cor	Community Development and Support	 Vision 2010 rural projects 	Council recognises that our rural communities face particular challenges in continuing to provide community services and facilities to their local populations. The Vision 2010 projects are designed to support local community initiatives to improve community facilities and projects that benefit residents.	ProsperityWho we are	Ongoing	The Vision 2010 projects are designed to support local community initiatives to improve community facilities and projects that benefit residents	Users of the community facilities	Operating: 100% general rates
Regulatory Services	Resource Management Planning	District Plan framework, regulation and control of subdivisions and land use.	Council administers the responsibilities imposed under the Resource Management Act (RMA) relating to the use of land, air and water. This function requires the administration of the operative District Plan. The RMA Act places specific statutory functions on territorial authorities to promote the sustainable development of natural and physical resources.	Sustainable environment	OngoingLong Term:District Plan	Entire district - Regulations Monitoring benefits Contributes to the sustainable management and development of the district resources and of benefit to district as a whole	Applicants for Resource Consents	 Operating: 90-95% general rates 5-10% fees Capital: Depreciation reserves Loans

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
Ă	Resource Management Consents	Resource Consents	Legislation - RMA Resource Consent Applicants Monitoring enforcement of land use.	Sustainable environmentWellbeing	• Ongoing	Entire district - Regulations Monitoring benefits. There is also an element of benefit to the whole district by ensuring planning and development is done in a co-ordinated and controlled manner. Environment safeguards	Applicants for Resource Consents	Operating: • 5-10% general rates • 90-95% fees Capital: • Depreciation reserves • Loans
Regulatory Services	Building Control	Building consents	The Building Act 2004 places substantial statutory function requirements on territorial authorities. The activity ensures buildings meet the requirements of New Zealand Building Legislation. To provide high quality safe solutions to the community for their building needs	ProsperityWellbeing	 Ongoing 	Benefit to the entire district of having safe buildings that comply with regulations. Public health and wellbeing	Individuals who are building	Operating: • 80-90% fees • 10-20% general rates Capital: • Depreciation reserves • Loans
Regu	Animal Control - Dogs	Dog licensing	Legislation below requires territorial authorities to enforce certain statutory functions regarding dog control: - Dog Control Act 1996 - Impounding Act 1955 Animal control activities promote public welfare and safety	Wellbeing	OngoingLong Term:Dog pounds	Entire district: - Complaint service - Public safety	Those with dogs cause the problems. Individuals will have delegated exercise areas for dogs.	Operating: • 25% general rates • 75% fees Capital: • Depreciation reserves • Loans
	Animal Control - Stock	Stock control	Legislation below requires territorial authorities to enforce certain statutory functions regarding stock control. Impounding Act 1955 Stock control activities promote public welfare and safety.	Wellbeing	 Ongoing 	Entire district - Complaint service - Public safety	Those with stock cause the problems	Operating:70-80% general rates20-30% feesCapital:No capital spend

dn		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
Regulatory Services	Environmental Health - Food Premises	Licensing of premises	Legislation - Food Hygiene Regulations 1974 - Health Act 1956 The activity ensures the enforcement of safety legislation to protect members of our community from potential risk	WellbeingSustainable Environment	• Ongoing	Entire district benefits from health and safety in business meeting standards The community as a whole benefits through control of infectious diseases and monitoring of environmental standards. The community includes local residents and visitors to the district	Individuals who require certification of their businesses	Operating: • 65-75% fees • 25-35% general rates Capital: • No capital spend
	Environmental Health - Liquor Licensing	Licensing of Premises	Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012. Gambling Act 2003 The activity ensures the enforcement of safety legislation to protect members of our community from potential harm	Wellbeing	 Ongoing 	Entire district - Regulated opening times / venues Public health and safety	Individuals who require certification of their businesses	 Operating: 75-90% fees 10-25% general rates Capital: No capital spend
Re	Environmental Health - Noise	Noise complaints serviced	This is driven by legislation via the Resource Management Act (RMA). People are not allowed to make 'excessive' noise and must ensure that noise from their property does not reach an 'unreasonable' level. Address nuisance activities	Wellbeing	Ongoing	Health benefits from reduced noise levels	Promotion of a pleasant environment for the community No hazards from excessive noise levels	 Operating: 90-95% general rates 5-10% fees Capital: No capital spend
	Environmental Health - General Inspection	 Freedom camping and illegal littering monitoring and investigation 	This activity ensures compliance and enforcement of the Council regulations and by-laws that control these activities.	Wellbeing	• Ongoing	Provides control over the impact of freedom camping within the district. Ensures public spaces are litter free and pleasant environments for the public to enjoy.	Freedom camping does not clash with other recreational activities No hazards from litter.	 Operating: 90-95% general rates 5-10% fees Capital: Depreciation reserves

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
	Environmental Health - General Inspection	General compliance	This activity encompasses all other compliance not detailed elsewhere in this policy.	Wellbeing	 Ongoing 	It includes development and review of compliance documents.	Promotion of a pleasant environment for the community.	Operating:100% general ratesCapital:No capital spend
Regulatory Services	Emergency Management	 Training of Civil Defence staff and volunteers Civil Defence preparedness and response 	This activity is fundamental to achieving community preparedness for emergencies. There is a requirement for this activity as per the Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002. It ensures public safety and ensures that there are adequate plans to respond to hazards, risks and emergencies. It also ensures that there are sufficient trained personnel and response measures in place during an emergency.	Wellbeing	Ongoing	Provides certainty and assurance to public that Council are prepared to meet impact of natural disaster	Individuals requiring assistance during an emergency	Operating: 100% general rates Capital: Loans Depreciation reserves Investments
Property	Reserves	 Parks Sports grounds Reserves Playgrounds Beach areas 	Provides the community with recreation facilities and relaxation areas Create a pleasant environment for the community.	• Wellbeing	OngoingLong Term:LandPlayground equipment	Use of parks is for public enjoyment Promotion of a pleasant environment for the community. Beauty and image of Buller district is enhanced Enhanced health and wellbeing	Users of parks and reserves facilities	Operating: 90-100% general rates 0-10% fees Capital: Reserve contributions Loans Depreciation reserves Investments

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
	Public Toilets	Toilet facilities	The provision of toilet facilities promotes the health and wellbeing of the district and environment.	Wellbeing	OngoingLong Term:Buildings	Public - non-exclusivity Health and wellbeing of community	Individuals using facilities	Operating: 100% general rates Capital: Loans Depreciation reserves Investments
, i	Cemeteries	Interment facilitiesCemetery reserveRecords enquiry service	Burial and Cremation Act 1964	Wellbeing	OngoingLong Term:Land	Community as a whole benefits from availability of interment facilities Availability of heritage records	Benefit for family of person interned	 Operating: 75-85% general rates 15-25% fees Capital: Loans Depreciation reserves Investments
Property	Property - Community	• Community halls	Community and civic buildings provide for a diverse range of community activities	WellbeingWho we are	OngoingLong Term:Buildings	All benefit from public buildings	Groups using halls	Operating: • 90-100% general rates • 0-10% fees Capital: • Loans • Depreciation reserves • Investments
	Elderly Persons Housing	Housing for the Elderly	Provision of housing for the elderly assists our senior citizens to maintain their independence and remain in the community	WellbeingWho we are	OngoingLong Term:Buildings	Retaining the elderly within the community which retains our social character and mix	Tenants renting	Operating: 100% fees Capital: Loans Depreciation reserves Investments

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit	ity for the Individuals using the facility Operating: 40-60% general rates 40-60% fees Capital: • Loans • Depreciation reserves or return on Leasehold tenants Operating: • 100% fees Capital:	
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Operating: 40-60% general rates 40-60% fees Capital: Loans Depreciation reserves Operating: 100% fees
	Harbour	Port facilities	Services fishing fleet vessels and recreation commercial vessels	WellbeingProsperity	• Ongoing	Provides a facility for the district benefit		40-60% general rates 40-60% fees Capital: Loans Depreciation
Property	Property - Private	Property Management of leased property	Management of leased land assists in the effective maintenance of Council's assets and facilities	Who we are	OngoingLong Term:Buildings	All benefit from return on investment	Leasehold tenants	100% feesCapital:LoansDepreciation reserves
	Punakaiki Camping Ground	Holiday park accommodation for visitors	Provision of an area for both passive and active recreation and enjoyment	WellbeingWho we are	OngoingLong Term:Buildings	All benefit from extra visitors and economic gain	Customers using the facility	Operating: • 90-100% fees • 0-10% general rates Capital: • Loans

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of benefit	Benefit		Funding Mechanism Effective: 1 July 2018
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
Roading and Transport	Roading	 Roads Street lighting Footpaths Car parking spaces 	Local Government Act 2002 Road Controlling Authority This activity ensures property access and freedom of travel and supports the sustainability of the community.	WellbeingProsperity	 Ongoing Long Term: Road construction and renewals 	Sustainability of the community	Individuals using the transport network Benefit from access to property and access to facilities Improved safety of roads	Operating: • 34-36% general rates • 64-66% NZTA subsidy • 100% NZTA subsidy for special purpose roads (Karamea Highway) Capital: • General rates • NZTA subsidy • Investments • Loans
	Urban Development	 Improving street and landscape in towns 	More pleasant environment for our communities by use of planting, street treatment and decorative measures	Who we are	OngoingLong Term:Landscaping	Promotion of a pleasant environment for the community	Improved environment to residents and tourists	 Operating: 100% general rates Capital: General rates Loans Investments
		Supply of water	Community health, safety and development. Provision of water	Wellbeing	Ongoing	Supply of water for public toilets.	Residents able to be connected to	Operating: • 100% targeted rates
Water Supplies	Community Water Supplies		supplies is a core function of Local Government		Long Term: • New schemes / renewals	Fire fighting supply.	supply.	 Metered water charges for major users Capital: Targeted rate Subsidies Loans Investments Depreciation reserves

dnc		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community Outcome	Period of benefit	Benefit		Funding Mechanism Effective: 1 July 2018
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
₹ <u> </u>	Operations	ZONE 1 - Westport • Provide waste management disposal facilities	 Necessary for the health and quality of life in the community. Ensure that refuse is managed and disposed of in an efficient and sustainable manner. 	• Wellbeing	• Ongoing	Better environment Public health	Those using collection the service	Operating: • 80-95% targeted rates • 5-20% other income (fees and charges) Capital: • Loans • Depreciation reserves • Investments
Solid Waste	Refuse Collection & Recycling, Litter and Landfill Operations	ZONE 2 - Karamea ● Provide waste management disposal facilities	 Necessary for the health and quality of life in the community. Ensure that refuse is managed and disposed of in an efficient and sustainable manner. 	Wellbeing	Ongoing	Better environment	Those using collection the service	 Operating: 80-95% targeted rates 5-20% fees and charges Capital:
Solid	n & Recycling,					Public health		LoansDepreciation reservesInvestments
	Refuse Collectio	ZONE 3 - Maruia • Provide waste management disposal facilities	 Necessary for the health and quality of life in the community. Ensure that refuse is managed and disposed of in an efficient and sustainable manner. 	Wellbeing	 Ongoing 	Better environment Public health	Those using collection the service	Operating: • 80-95% targeted rates • 5-20% fees and charges Capital: • Loans • Depreciation reserves • Investments

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
Solid Waste Ac	er Landfill Operation	 Landfill development and monitoring Close landfills, monitor and rehabilitate Litter collection 	Ensure that capacity exists for residual waste and recycling if it cannot be disposed at the Nelson facility. Ensure that refuse is managed and disposed of in an efficient and sustainable manner that maintains the districts natural and aesthetic values Necessary for health and quality of life	WellbeingWellbeingWellbeing	OngoingLong Term:BuildingsLandOngoing	Community facilities for rubbish disposal. Better environment. Public health	Residents able to dispose of unwanted rubbish	Operating: • 100% general rates Capital: • Loans • Depreciation reserves • Investments
mwater	Litter	Disposal of sewerage	in communities, and disposed of in an efficient manner Necessary for health and quality of life in the community	Wellbeing	Ongoing	Community health and wellbeing	Residents able to be connected to sewer	Operating: • 100% targeted rates • Trade waste fees
Wastewater/Stormwater	Sewerage	Disposal of trade waste			Long TermNew schemes / renewals	Maintains sanitation	Those disposing of trade water	Capital: Depreciation reserves Investments Loans
Wastewater/Stormwater	mwater	 Collect and transport land drainage from property 	Protection of property Health and safety as it reduces danger from flooding	Wellbeing	• Ongoing Long Term • New	Public health benefit Continuity of access to property	Urban properties benefit due to density of roading and footpaths	Operating: • 100% general rates Capital: • Loans
Wastewate	Stormwater		schemes / renewals		Drainage protection Open drains in rural area			

dno		ACTIVITY: What is the	Rationale for service	Community	Period of	Benefit		Funding Mechanism
Activity Group	Activity	Community getting		Outcome	benefit	General Benefits	Private Benefits	Effective: 1 July 2018
	Corporate Services	 General staff and administration services 	Implement and support of all Council activities	• All	OngoingLong TermOffice Equipment	Benefits community at large		Overheads reallocated to other activities Capital: Depreciation reserves Loans Investments
Support Services	Information Systems	Computer systemsTelecommunication networks	 Availability of information and systems to support all Council activities and enable sound decision making. 	• All	OngoingLong TermComputer systems	Benefits community at large	Individuals accessing databases and information	Overheads reallocated to other activities Capital: Depreciation reserves Loans Investments
In-House Professional Services		Engineering Services	Council access to engineering services on a cost effective basis.	• All	Ongoing	Benefits community at large		Overheads and internal charges reallocated to other activities Capital: Depreciation reserves Loans Investments
Airport	Westport Airport	Airport Services	Public Transportation	 Prosperity 	OngoingLong TermBuildingsLand	Economic benefit to all Social and heritage value	Commercial / individual users benefit	 Operating: 75-80% fees The balance is funded: 50% general rates 50% by the Crown Capital: Depreciation reserves 50% funded by the Crown

Ratepayers are currently rated on a system that uses Land Values as the basis for General Rates

User charges are used for those services where there is a benefit to an individual. If it is possible to efficiently impose a charge the Council does so, on the basis of either recovering the full cost of the service or a rate that the market will pay. The market rate can limit the potential for charging in circumstances where the Council believes that a charge set too high will adversely reduce use.

General rates are used to fund those services where the council believes there is a public benefit even though it may not be to the whole community. It typically funds "public goods" for which there is no practical method for charging individual users as the benefit is wider than just specific users. General rates fund a range of services which are used by individual ratepayers to varying extents. The council uses the general rate rather than a number of targeted rates in order to achieve a simpler rating structure. That simpler structure makes it easier for ratepayers to understand how they are being rated and it is also simpler and cheaper to administer. Rates are regarded as a tax which funds the collective community benefit rather than be any form of proxy for use of a service. Differentials are only used to ensure that other rates mechanisms do not alter the incidence in rates between the major rate payer groups

Targeted rates are also used to fund community benefits and wider public goods. A targeted rate means a rate to be used exclusively to pay for that operating expense. It is used in circumstances where the council believes that the benefits from the services are such that the principles of a general rate approach (noted above) are not sufficient and that they should be targeted to a particular beneficiaries group. It is also used where the council considers that the level of charge is outside council's control and the extent of the rate should be clear to the community.

Grants and subsidies are used where they are available.

Borrowing is not generally used to fund operating expenses, but is used as a tool to smooth out major lumps in the capital replacement and acquisitions programme. The council may choose to borrow for an operating expense to give a grant to a community organisation that is building a community facility.

Income from dividends, interest and net rental income is used to offset the cost of provision of other services. Income from interest and dividends is included as revenue in the investments and governance activity. This revenue is utilised to reduce Council's general rates income stream.. Income from rental of property is applied to the activity which is the primary user of a facility, if the property does not have a primary use but is held for commercial or strategic purposes the rental is included investments and governance activity, and is applied to general purposes.

Licence fees are charged where they are available as a mechanism. They are set as for user charges but may have constraints on the level of the fee. These constraints are established under various legislation.

Enforcement fees are charged when possible. The purpose of the fee is to promote compliance rather than to raise revenue, at times enforcement fees will recover the full cost and at other times it will not depending on the level of compliance and also the extent to which the charges are limited by statute or the courts.

Funding of Capital

Rates in all forms will be used to fund an ongoing replacement programme and may be used to fund a portion of capital acquisition work. This will be balanced against the affordability for the current ratepayers and the extent to which a capital replacement or acquisitions programme is even over the period of the plan. Over the period of the plan the council will get to the point where asset renewals are being met from operating revenue, and also a contribution is being made to levels of service and growth capital.

Borrowing will be applied to capital works subject to the preceding statement on the use of rates. The council views debt as a smoothing mechanism and a means of achieving equity between time periods, however the council does not have an unlimited capacity to borrow and the community does not have unlimited capacity to service those loans into the future. Therefore, the council adopts a prudent approach to debt and its capital programme to ensure that the burden of debt and the interest cost does not place an impossible burden on the community. In doing so the council is conscious of its peak debt and its ongoing funding stream for debt servicing and work programme.

In the early years of the plan the council is borrowing to fund asset renewals. This is being done to achieve a balance between the level of rates rises and the sustainability of service levels. In the later years of the plan the council achieves sustainable funding and borrows for part of the level of service and growth capital works. This is outlined in the Funding Impact Statement (pages 121-130).

Proceeds from asset sales may be used to fund capital works or repay debt. The preferred option will be for debt repayment with any new works funded from new debt draw down. This method is favoured due to its transparency and the neutral effect it has on rating. There is no major planned asset sales programme over the period of this plan, but assets which are no longer required for strategic or operational purposes may be sold.